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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/661,245	09/12/2003	Bhashyam Ramesh	NCR 11092	8704
²⁶⁸⁹⁰ JAMES M. ST	7590 10/31/200 OVER	EXAMINER		
TERADATA CORPORATION 1700 SOUTH PATTERSON BLVD, WHQ5			CORRIELUS, JEAN M	
DAYTON, OH	•	1103	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2162	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/31/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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- 1		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/661,245	RAMESH ET AL.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Jean M. Corrielus	2162		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE is used to the may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 Au	<u>ugust 2007</u> .			
,	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.		
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.			
Applicati	on Papers				
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority L	under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·		
12) <u>□</u> a)∣	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage		
2) Notice 3) Information	te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) ter No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal f 6) Other:	ate		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on August 18, 2007, in which claims 1-12 are presented for further examination.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-12 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection necessitated by amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It unclear how one having ordinary skill in the art would concluding that none of the unique n-gram are low frequency n-grams and have one or more pairs of high frequency simply by identifying a unique n-gram as recited in claims 4-5. It is also not clear how the applicant is defined low and high frequency pair. The specification does not provide any clarification of such. The variables R, TI...R, Ts, Tv, Tx, v, x, s, I, Tu, u, Tuv and Y set forth in claims 1, 6 and 10 are not defined in the specification to enable one having ordinary skill in the art to understand the use the invention as claimed. Applicant is advised to amend the claims by defining the variables set forth in the claims. Applicant is reminded that no new matter should be added.

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Remark

4. In the office action mailed on October 13, 2005, the examiner has made reference to the variables R, TI...R, Ts, Tv, Tx, v, x, s, I, Tu, u, Tuv and Y set forth in claims 1, 6 and 10 which are not defined in the specification to enable one having ordinary skill in the art to understand the use the invention as claimed. Variable S and V are still not defined in the claims. The rejection mailed on October 13, 2005 with respect the 112 rejection is still maintained.

- 5. The 101 rejection with respect to claims 1-3 and 6-12 set forth in the last office action is withdrawn.
- 6. The rejection 35 USC 103(a) with respect to claims 4-5 over Liddy et al., United States Patent No. 6,006,221 (hereinafter "Liddy") has withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 4-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chandrasekar et al., (hereinafter "Chandrasekar") US Patent no. 6,578,032 in view of Perrow US Patent no. 7,284,009.

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As to claim 4, Chandrasekar discloses a system for clustering character strings, wherein each character string comprises a word or a phrase. More important X discloses a system for clustering a first character string with another character string into one or more groups, when the first character string satisfies a predetermined degree of commonality with one or more character strings in each of these groups and when the first character string does not satisfy the predetermined level of commonality with another character string, another group is created, see col.2, lines 1-20. In particular, Chandrasekar discloses the claimed "identifying unique n-grams in each string" (col.7, lines 30-48); and "one or more pairs of high frequency n-grams from the strings are low frequency pairs and, in response, clustering each string with one or more clusters associated with low-frequency pairs of high frequency n-grams from that string" (by calculating the frequency of the occurrence of the individual words and whole query, wherein the highest frequency words and queries are determined and the precise number of selected highest frequency "items", the only one highest frequency item may be selected, where the subject item has a frequency score that is significantly higher than the second highest frequency item. If two or more highest frequency items are selected, it is determined whether the items have the same frequency score, if the scores are not the same, the highest frequency item may be selected as the topic, see col.). However, Chandrasekar does not explicitly disclose "none of the unique ngrams are low frequency n-grams and that". On the other hand, Perrow discloses the claimed "identifying unique n-grams in each string" (col.8, lines 25-30) "none of the unique n-grams are low frequency n-grams and that" (by simply deleting records from each n-gram table that have a very low frequency count (below a certain threshold; see col.8, lines 24-27); and "pairs of high frequency n-grams from the strings are low frequency pairs" (col. 10 lines 60-64). Therefore, it

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would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of the cited references, wherein the clustering technique as disclosed by Chandrasekar would incorporated the use of setting a guidelines wherein none of the unique n-grams are low frequency n-grams, in the same conventional manner as disclosed by Perrow. One having ordinary skill in the art would have found it motivated to use such a combination for the purpose of finding the common structures in the collection of strings.

As to claim 5, Chandrasekar discloses a system for clustering character strings, wherein each character string comprises a word or a phrase. More important X discloses a system for clustering a first character string with another character string into one or more groups, when the first character string satisfies a predetermined degree of commonality with one or more character strings in each of these groups and when the first character string does not satisfy the predetermined level of commonality with another character string, another group is created, see col.2, lines 1-20. In particular, Chandrasekar discloses the claimed "identifying unique n-grams in each string" (col.7, lines 30-48); and "one or more pairs of high frequency n-grams from the strings are low frequency pairs and, in response, associating that string with clusters associated with triples of n-grams including the pair" (by calculating the frequency of the occurrence of the individual words and whole query, wherein the highest frequency words and queries are determined and the precise number of selected highest frequency "items", the only one highest frequency item may be selected, where the subject item has a frequency score that is significantly higher than the second highest frequency item. If two or more highest frequency items are selected, it is determined whether the items have the same frequency score, if the

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scores are not the same, the highest frequency item may be selected as the topic, see col.11, line 61-col.11, line 10); "associating that string with clusters associated with triples of n-grams including the pair" (col. 7, lines 48-50). However, Chandrasekar does not explicitly disclose "none of the unique n-grams are low frequency n-grams and that". On the other hand, Perrow discloses the claimed "identifying unique n-grams in each string" (col.8, lines 25-30) "none of the unique n-grams are low frequency n-grams and that" (by simply deleting records from each n-gram table that have a very low frequency count (below a certain threshold; see col.8, lines 24-27); and "pairs of high frequency n-grams from the strings are low frequency pairs" (col. 10 lines 60-64). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of the cited references, wherein the clustering technique as disclosed by Chandrasekar would incorporated the use of setting a guidelines wherein none of the unique n-grams are low frequency n-grams, in the same conventional manner as disclosed by Perrow. One having ordinary skill in the art would have found it motivated to use such a combination for the purpose of finding the common structures in the collection of strings.

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Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean M. Corrielus whose telephone number is (571) 272-4032. The examiner can normally be reached on 10 hours shift.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Breene can be reached on (571) 272-4107. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jean M Corrielus Primary Examiner Art Unit 2162

October 25, 2007